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2 BIGGEST HIPPODROMES ON EARTH,

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Giant Male Hippopotamus, Tremendous Two-Horned Sumatra Rhinoceros, Snow-White Polar Bear, Flock of Ostriches, Ethiopian Gnu, Niger Antelope, Enormous Malay Tigers, Two Saddle-Back Tapirs, New Guinea Cassowary, Monster Black-Maned Lions, Australian Emu.

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SEATING CAPACITY 15,000. 25 UNIFORMED USHERS

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Cheap Excursions On all Lines of Travel.

## TRAITOR'S REWARD.

DEATH AND DISGRACE CAME UPON  
CORPORAL HAZE OF CALIFORNIA

Disowned His Country's Flag Lured By  
the Chances of a Philippine Pay-He  
Was Shot in Philippine Banks by His  
Former Comrades.

This is the true story of a young American soldier who threw away the dog of his country to please a little brown Philippine woman and what happened to him when he had done it. His name was Haze—Henry Haze, Corporal Henry Haze of the First California.

When the ship went down the beach, blue bay, and past the island, and past the Carl House, black with people, and out through the Golden Gate into the Pacific, Henry Haze stood on the deck with his comrades.

There were things to see in Manila. Men and women, and customs and manners, not like unto those of any other lands, for a mixture of black and white and brown and yellow in a man's blood makes him do strange and curious deeds.

There are many kinds of women in Manila. There are Spanish women there; they wear mantillas and they tilt with their eyes.

There are English and French women there; they are very pale and quiet and do not leave the house alone.

There are black women there, who wear a linen girdle and a bracelet. And there is a woman there who is part Spanish and part native and part French, and she is neither yellow nor black nor white—she is brown, like a shining brown leaf in Autumn, and she wears a loose robe and a rose in her hair, and she dines with the eyes, like the Spaniard, and with the fin, like the Japanese, and she can wheedle a French woman, and she has a cat-like swing of the hips that she got with the strain of black blood.

She is called Chiquita, which, being interpreted, means "little" and little she is, and supple, and slender and round, and wicked and knowing, and full of all arts and subtleties for the making of men. Especially can she dance the fandango.

Corporal Henry Haze met Chiquita the very first day he landed at Manila. Three days after that Corporal Haze was humming a queer little fandango tune with a jarring note in it like the buzz of an angry rattlesnake. A little Frenchman, who was sitting under a

tree close by, lifted his eyebrows.

"You must take care of your friend, the young man with the eye," that laughs," he said to a "First" man, who was with him.

"He is singing the song of Chiquita," "The song of Chiquita," said the "First" man. "What's that?"

"Do you know the snake that rattles?" he said. "Chiquita—some of us call her by that name—and the song he is singing, your friend there, that is the warning she gives, like the rattle of a snake. I had a friend who killed himself for her, and there is a man buried in the graveyard up there. He was killed with a knife. It is said he heard the song too often. It did not agree with him. The negroes say she is a voodoo."

"I guess Haze can take care of himself."

One day there was news in camp. Great news. There was to be fighting at Iloilo, and Company I, First California Volunteers, was going to Iloilo to help do the fighting.

When Co. D made ready to march to the troopship Corporal Haze was missing. A guard went up to the town to find him. They hunted through every alley in a town of alleys. They went into every house and bade the dwellers therein to search their premises in the name of the United States of America, and find the American soldier who was not ready to go to Iloilo with his company. The American soldier could not be found.

The soldiers who stayed at Manila, began to be busy. There were riots and rumors of riots. And one day the Filipinos came out of the swamps and scooped down upon the American lines. The Americans were ready for them. The California first was in the thick of the fight. The regiment went, whooping and cheering into its first charge.

"Hurrah, for God's country, boys!" shouted a beardless boy of a Lieutenant.

"Give 'em a taste of California shooting!" yelled a little pink-faced captain. The Filipinos scattered like chaff before the wind. But the Californians found them lying dead in trees and hidden holes. A white man lay in a pool of water. He had lost the charge. He wore a ragged tattered uniform, a form of a Lieutenant of the Filipinos.

One of the Americans stooped to look at him. The white man opened his eyes and tried to sit up. Something rattled in his throat. He waved his hand in a foolish gesture like the twist of a woman's hand in the fandango.

"He's trying to flag," said the boy Lieutenant.

"It is the deserter," said a man from Co. D.

The white man laughed a little and then he groaned, and then he lay very still.

"Dead," said the little Lieutenant.

"And good riddance," said the man from Co. D.

And he was dead, riddled with bullets of his own regiment.

There is no fishery for the manatee in Porto Rico, though specimens of that huge marine mammal are sometimes seen in the tidal rivers. The creature is a near relative of the extinct rhinoceros, and attains a length of eight feet and a weight of nearly a ton. Columbus saw several specimens on his voyages to America, and in his writings he spoke of them as "mermaids."

He said: "They are

not as handsome as painted, but their faces are somewhat human-like." In 1878 there was a manatee at the London Zoological Gardens. It would not eat a thing but lettuce, and this had to be of the French sort. Inasmuch as it consumed one hundred pounds a day the beast's board bill was pretty steep.

Two species of fishes found in the neighborhood of Porto Rico are poisonous. One of these is the jurel, a kind of mackerel, which attains a weight of twenty pounds. Another is the meliceta, a tropical herring, the most dangerous of which is the roe. It is not easily distinguished from another herring, which is harmless. A finny curio of those waters is the batfish, which imitates a piece of coral so artistically that it is difficult to detect the cheat unless the creature moves. When it does move it seems to walk on four legs, which are in reality fins. It has a second pair of eyes, looking forward, near the tail.

Most interesting of all the creatures that inhabit Porto Rican waters are the great marine tortoises. These are of three species—the green turtle, loggerhead and the hawksbill. The loggerhead has been known to attain a weight of 1,500 pounds. At 1,000 it is eight feet long and nine feet across the back, including the flippers. It is a very fast and strong swimmer, and the only way to take it is to catch it asleep on the water. Often specimens are seen many miles from land, floating on the waves in peaceful slumber. Unlike the other big sea turtles, the loggerhead is voracious. With its powerful jaws it cracks the shells of large conch shells, the "meats" of these mollusks. It feeds on crabs and shellfish of all sorts.

The green turtles are the ones that are chiefly sought with decoys of the kind previously described. They sometimes weigh as much as 1,000 pounds, and their flesh is one of the most prized of table delicacies. Living in deep water, they feed on sea plants.

After leaving on these ocean pastures they go to the river mouths for baths in fresh water, which they seem to need from time to time.

A curious discovery was the fact that the fish in Porto Rican mountain streams live in caves and holes in the rocky banks, and cannot be caught by traps or otherwise. In the current, this is not on account of timidity or wariness as in the case of our brook trout, but because of a peculiar necessity which compels the fish to hide itself.

## PORTO RICO'S QUEER FISH.

Curious Specimens Brought Back by  
Uncle Sam's Fish Experts.

Porto Rico's queer fish, sea turtles, deep sea clams, oysters, devil fish and "mermaids" is the subject of a most interesting report just made by the United States Fish Commission's expedition, which was sent to Porto Rico to investigate its aquatic life for Uncle Sam. The steamer Fish Hawk, having on board the Government fish scientists, led by Professor W. Evermann, brought back 250 species of fish, many of them new to science.

In Summer there is a great abundance of huge sea tortoises in that vicinity, especially about Culebra Island. Decoys are used to take them—i. e., counterfeit turtles cut rudely out of thick board and anchored out. Sometimes, indeed, a picture of a turtle is simply painted on the upper side of a large piece of plank, and the latter is set afloat. Evidently the big marine tortoises, some of which weigh 1,000 pounds apiece or more, are remarkably stupid creatures, inasmuch as the males take the decoys for females and seek them so persistently that they can hardly be driven away. They are secured by passing nets around them in the water.

A kind of devil fish of a most ugly sort was found. A sword fish with monstrous fin extending straight up from its back and feelers reaching far beneath the body was added to the collection of freaks.

Another odd fish found by the Government fish hunters was the bat fish. Oysters are plentiful, though small, being of a different species from the bivalves of the Atlantic coast of the United States. They are very good to eat, but it is doubtful if the fishery for them will ever amount to much commercially. Small round clams were brought up by the dredges in considerable numbers from a depth of forty fathoms, or 240 feet. They were of a species distinct from ours, and were found to be not edible.

No lobsters like ours seem to occur in Porto Rican waters, but there is a so-called "spiny lobster" which is eaten by the natives. It attains a length of about eighteen inches. The crabs are extremely plentiful about the island.

There are lots of fresh water crawfish. Some day these crawfish may be exported in quantities to the United States, for they are very delicious; but they have to be tightly packed for the journey to prevent them from turning on their backs, else they will work their feet until exhausted, and so die. The Porto Rican crawfish gets a living by impaling small fishes and little frogs on its "tusks," as the horns between its eyes is called.

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## ON THE COAST LINES.

DELAWARE AND CHESAPEAKE BAYS  
WERE ONCE VALLEYS.

A Highly Interesting and Instructive Talk  
on "Coastal Topography"—Jersey Coast  
Said to Be Sinking—California Comparatively  
a New Country.

Prof. Oscar C. S. Carter, of the Central High School, Philadelphia, gave an illustrated talk before the Engineers' Club, recently, on "Coastal Topography." The subject was treated in a manner quite new to the older members of the club, and illustrated by photographs of various portions of the coast line of North America, bordering on the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.

Taking up a definite portion of the coast line, like that of Maine, or an island, like Nantucket, he showed what forces had been at work, ancient, and comparatively recent, to produce the results now seen. The coast line of Maine, its rocky character, studded with islands, is due to the submergence of the mainland; the islands are simply drowned hills; the valleys that intervened have also been submerged.

The islands of Nantucket and Martha's Vineyard have no bed rock, but are made up of moraine material and recent formations, some tertiary and cretaceous. These islands are entirely distinct in character from the rocky islands of Maine, and are made up mostly of sand, clay and gravel. The lantern illustrations gave the general topography of Nantucket, showing the coast line and harbor and the jetty made by the Government, constructed by bringing bowlders weighing several tons each from the coast of Connecticut and dropping them in parallel lines, several hundred yards apart, for a distance of over a mile out from the harbor. The wash of the tide was dependent upon to scour out the ship channel thus formed.

Coming down to the coast of New Jersey, a series of slides showed where land was being made and where the sea was cutting it away. This coast also was shown to be sinking. He regarded Delaware Bay as a submerged valley, once high enough to be above the ocean with the river running through it. In like manner the sinking of the coast here, the Chesapeake Bay, Pamlico Sound and the lagoons there are found along the coast from Norfolk to Florida, making a chain of sounds which could be used for navigation with a few short passages.

On the Pacific Coast the illustrations showed the few harbors to be found there, Santiago, San Domingo, Monterey and San Francisco, in California, and then a few near the Columbia River. He gave as reasons for this scarcity that the mountains and valleys had been lifted up along the shore line, and there had been very little submergence. There were few river valleys, the rivers being mostly "young." Their valleys had been cut out deep and the sides were precipitous, whereas an old, mature valley sloped off in V shape.

Speaking of the alternate submergence and elevation of the coast, he said that in the glacial period, when the ice cap on the entire Northern portion of the United States was a mile thick, and when the Adirondacks stood up as islands and were submerged by the ice sheet, then the weight of that mass of ice pressed down the earth's crust and caused it to sink.

The whole coast line of a continent was not necessarily involved, and the Professor called attention to the fact that the northern coast of Norway was sinking, while the southern coast was being elevated.

When the Navajo Indian is ailing he builds himself a little hut just large enough to crawl into, plasters it inside and out with mud so as to make it airtight and then, taking with him a lamp of stones intensely heated in an adjoining fire, he closes the entrance of his machine but from within and remains there, violently perspiring until all but suffocated. He then comes out, has a rubdown, which to an Indian is a phenomenon, and believes he is cured, and he generally is.

What is practically the same primitive treatment is now recommended for the cure of lockjaw. This affection, when caused by a wound, has long been considered incurable, and only of late years has it yielded in some degree to the administration of a new class of remedies, among which are the Indian woorai poison, and enormous doses of alcohol. It is now said that all the alarming symptoms of the seizure can be removed by violent perspiration. The case is quoted of a young man whose hand was caught in the gearing of a threshing machine. Part of the skin was stripped off. For a fortnight everything seemed to be progressing, but one morning the patient awoke with rigid jaws, intense pain over the sternum, difficult breathing and convulsive starts in the lower limbs.

The doctor immediately put hoops under the bedclothes, in order to prevent their contact with the body, and then got four pots filled with quicklime, which he slightly moistened with water. To prevent the skin from being scorched each pot was wrapped in linen, and then placed on each side of the patient, orders being left with the family to moisten the quicklime occasionally and to change it when exhausted. The heat engendered was so intense that on the first day the bed clothes caught fire. The perspiration induced was beyond all belief; but the patient, though greatly prostrated, was cured, and after a few days of good nourishment and close attention he was able to go to work.

Wall Paper, Ancient and Modern.

A recent issue of Paper Trade contains some interesting points concerning the development of the wall paper industry. While various kinds of printed fabrics were known to the people of most remote antiquity, it was not till the eighteenth century that wall paper in anything like its present form came into common use in Europe, though it appears to have been used much earlier in China.

A few rare examples which may be as early as the sixteenth century exist in England, but these are imitations, generally in "rock," of the old Florentine and Genoese cut velvets, and hence the style of the design in no way shows the date of the wall paper, the same traditional patterns being reproduced with little or no change for many years.

## WHAT MOLES SIGNIFY.

A Dissertation on the Subject: Which  
Will Prove Interesting.

Mole on the neck.  
Money by the peck.

Is a rhyme with which most of us are familiar, but very few trouble to dive deeply into the mysteries of "moleology," or are aware that there is such a science. Nevertheless it is a fact, and one worth knowing, that every mole has its own peculiar significance, and in bygone days when sorcerers and witches exercised their magic arts, to the peril of their lives, before casting a spell on any one they were always careful to find out all particulars concerning their moles, or whether they had any or not, for some of these apparently useless discolorations were supposed to presage a person from drowning, others from fire and so forth, and it was therefore necessary to know against what particular element they were proof before practicing their witchcraft on them.

The following are some of the interpretations placed upon moles by the old magicians and may interest those of our readers who happen to be unmarked with any of these "beauty spots."

A mole on the right side of the forehead, or on the right temple, signifies sudden wealth and honors, and one on the right eyebrow marriage with a person of considerable fortune and an amiable disposition; but a mole on the left of either of these plates is a sign that the person will be frequently near the best of luck, but by some unfortunate chain of circumstances will invariably meet with disappointment before attaining it.

A mole on either cheek foretells that the person will never rise above the mediocre in fame or fortune, although he will never fall into poverty, and one that is placed on the outside corner of either eye denotes that the bearer thereof will be in danger of a violent death.

A mole on the nose gives success in business and especially in undertakings of a speculative or gambling nature; on either lip it is the sure indication of an epicure, on the chin it denotes prosperity and esteem of one's friends, and on the throat that the person will become rich by marriage.

In spite of the old rhyme above quoted, a mole on the neck does not bring money by the peck, but shows that the person who carries this mark through life will narrowly escape death from drowning or suffocation, but will afterwards rise to great influence and wealth through an inheritance and a mole on the right breast denotes exposure to accidents of all kinds, but no serious injury; on the left breast, a happy but not rich marriage; on the chest, good health and medium fortune through life; one just over the heart shows a man will be of an affectionate disposition, but fickle, fond of traveling and adventure, but not to be greatly depended upon; in a lady this indicates that she will be sincere in her attachments and have a large family.

A mole on the right side, over the ribs, denotes a coward and a person of a dull, stupid mind; on the abdomen it indicates sloth, gluttony, selfishness and carelessness in dress.

A mole on either hip foretells a family of healthy, bright children, who will be a joy and a comfort to their parents; one on the right thigh, a calm uneventful life; one on the left thigh, much suffering from poverty and want of friends, as also by the jealousy of others; on the right knee brings a good partner for life, with few disappointments, and on the left knee, a certain amount of suffering caused by one's own foolish conduct.

A mole on either leg below the knee shows that the person is indolent, thoughtless and indifferent to the welfare of others, and one on either ankle denotes in a man an inclination to dandyism and flippancy, and in a lady a coquettish, affective nature, with a capacity for speaking her own mind.

We must not forget also the shape and color of the moles, because each will add to or diminish the force of the indication. The larger the mole the greater the prosperity or adversity it brings, the smaller, the less will be the good or evil fate foretold. Round moles are the best, and the deeper the color the more pronounced will be the good or bad fortune, while the lighter color gives less of either.

Bismarck's Tribute to His Wife.

Bismarck's courtship was very brief. Bismarck met and lost his heart to Frauella von Puttkammer at a wedding, and thereupon wrote to her parents and boldly demanded her. As at this time he was a wild youth, whose pranks were the talk of the country, it is not surprising that the young lady's father should say: "It was as if some one had struck me on the head with a heavy axe." However, Bismarck's loving evidently returned, the lady's parents invited him to visit them, that they might know something more about him than report told them.

At the time of his arrival the parents were ready to greet their guest with proper solemnity, and their daughter stood by with downcast eyes. Bismarck rode up, and, hastily alighting, threw his arms around his sweetheart's neck and kissed her before any one had time to protest. The result was a formal betrothal. The "Iron Chancellor" was fond of telling this tale, and he generally added to it the remark, "It is she who made me what I am."

Silk Worth \$125 Per Yard.

The most expensive material ever produced for a dress is said to have been purchased by the German Empress last year from Lyons. It was white silk brocade, having flowers, birds and foliage in relief, and cost \$125 a yard, the actual value of the raw silk, it is said, being \$100. The Empress was so struck with the beauty that she had not the heart to cut it up, and it was eventually turned into curtains. The price paid for this material is about double as much as the famous cloth of gold that Louis XIV. had made into a dressing gown.

Dampness Prevented by Ivy.

The growth of ivy on the walls of houses keeps them free from damp, the ivy extracting from its own spongy, every particle of moisture from the brick or stone to which it clings, by means of rootlets. The overlapping leaves of the ivy conduct water falling on them from point to point till it reaches the ground, without allowing the walls to receive any moisture from the rain.

## PURPLE AMETHYST

THE BEAUTIFUL STONE HAS AGAIN  
BECOME VERY POPULAR.

The Only Jewel Bearing the Color of  
Royalty—The Only Stone Which Can  
Properly Be Worn During Periods of  
Mourning.

The refined beauty of this precious stone makes the gem lover wonder why it has never been generally fashionable. It is the only representative of royal purple among jewels; is the only colored stone that can properly be worn in periods of mourning; it harmonizes to perfection with the soft lavenders and heliotropes in which we love to attire ourselves, and it blends admirably with diamonds and pearls. Yet its loveliness and its many advantages seem to be appreciated only by a favored few. Perhaps the explanation of this may be found in the rather vulgar modern notion that costliness is the only criterion of value, combined with the equally fallacious idea that the amethyst is a cheap stone. The true Oriental amethyst is, however, very rare, and the old Latins called it "the clyde of Venus." What we call amethyst is often nothing more uncommon than exquisitely tinted quartz. Some old documents belonging to the period prior to the French Revolution state that at that time only one private person was the lucky possessor of a perfect Oriental amethyst, the few others known being in royal collections.

The ancients honored the amethyst. It was one of the gems in the breastplate of Judgment and the inspired writer places it in one of the gates of the Heavenly City, which fact, combined with the knowledge that the Hebrews regarded it as emblematic of human love, planted in sorrow and perfected by faithfulness, supplies a very beautiful allegory. The Greek stoics did not improve upon this point of view when they gave to the stone the name whence our English word is derived, which signifies a talisman against intoxication! They believed that the wearer would be preserved from all irregular passions and desires—even from impure thoughts. It is perhaps for this reason, as well as for the sake of its ecclesiastical color, that the amethyst was always chosen for the signet ring of a bishop. As the quartz amethyst was obtainable in large quantities, the Greeks fashioned it into drinking cups, believing that no ill effects could follow the drinking of wine from them, and that they would efficiently neutralize poison. The origin of this superstition is given by the ancient writer named by his contemporaries "the honey-tongued." It is in the form of a legend and relates how the noble lady Heracleia, when walking in her garden, saw a young stork fall, pierced by an arrow, upon the public road, and how she ran to gather the creature into her bosom. She took the bird home with her, anointed its wounds, and tended it until it grew strong and able to use its wings.

One day, feeling its power renewed, it uttered a cry of joy and sped away into the blue sky until it was lost to sight. The gentle Heracleia, grieved for her pet, which had but followed its nature and the secret call of its mates, but the bird was not ungrateful. When the spring brought back the storks to the North, the lady heard the well known note again. Looking up, she saw one of the great migratory company detach itself from the rest and swoop downward, bearing a cup of amethyst, which it laid gently at her feet. Then, after nestling for an instant against her bosom, it spread its great wings, and soared away. Never again did Heracleia drink from any other cup, but kept it near her all her life, preserved by it from plague and sickness, untouched by pain and guarded from every danger. When at last her allotted span was ended and she died in peace, the gleaming cup was placed beside her body that it might be buried with her. But while the watchers bent over her they heard a whirr of wings, and, turning, beheld the mysterious stork once more borne away. It was never seen again.

Modern fancy has abandoned the dreams of classic times, and, reverting to the Hebrew traditions, regards the amethyst once more as the emblem of love and fidelity. Hence the gem is frequently exchanged between betrothed lovers or parting friends.

It enjoys the honor of being the best loved jewel of the poets. Its beauty is sacred to lofty thoughts, encircled with dreams and ideals, associated forever with the vision of our earth's blindness, as it fed the eyes of the sightless idealist, Romy, "upon the thought of perfect noon."

Seen Through Wiser Eyes.

It is difficult for young people to believe that anyone can know half as much about the subject as themselves, and that they are not by far the best judges of their own affairs; but they should not forget that love is always blind, and that the more they want to marry, the less likelihood there is of their looking with unbiased eyes upon the seamy side of the future.

There is no such thing as any parent setting his face against his child's marriage, unless it seems more than likely to turn out unhappy for both parties.

There may be endless reasons for his decision, but there can be no doubt that he is a great deal better calculated to judge than the girl who, here him again and again to give in, and, on finding him implacable, sets to work to plan a secret marriage without the consent that there seems no possibility of her ever getting.

It is said to reflect how many and many a girl who has taken matters into her own hands, and married the man her parents refused her, has lived to wish, with bitter and unavailing regret, that she had listened to advice she thought cruel and unreasonable.

When Boots Are Warm Wind a Puttee.

The puttee is a wind so far as it fits over and complements the low shoes. Then it becomes a cloth bandage. And one winds it around and around the leg with great care, fastening it with a buckle at the knee.

It is said that these puttees do not become misplaced, nor lose their shape as cloth leggings do. They are made in black, in mixtures, in navy blue and khaki. And they might be just what some women, who ride the bicycle and find leather boots warm, and low shoes immodest, would like for athletic use.



CAPT. TILLY'S BODY FOUND

General Smith and His Rescuing Party Take It From the River.

AMBUSHED BY NATIVES.

Body of Unfortunate Soldier Bears Many Marks of Violence by His Slayers.

General Smith and His Expedition to Remains at Escalante for the Present—Tilly's Remains Buried at Iloilo—Deceased's Head Shockingly Mutilated by Aguinaldo's Followers.

Manila, May 31.—The body of Captain George H. Tilly, of the Signal Corps, who was attacked by treacherous natives upon landing from the cable ship Recorder at Escalante, Island of Negros, has been found in the river near the place where the attack was made.

The discovery of the body was made by General Smith's expedition from Iloilo.

Capt. Tilly's body bore many evidences of violence and savagery, and the head in particular, was frightfully mutilated. The remains were buried at Iloilo by General Smith and his expedition. Tilly's father, who lives at Jamaica, Long Island has been informed by the Government of the finding of his son's body.



CAPTAIN TILLY.

Captain Tilly was on board a cable ship which was repairing the cable near Escalante when a white flag was discovered flying ashore. Captain Tilly with three natives as a boat's crew, went ashore, accompanied by some workmen.

When they got ashore they were fired upon by natives concealed near the beach. Captain Tilly and his companions rushed toward the water, but did not reach the cable ship.

The vessel escaped to Iloilo, but Captain Tilly and the workmen were missing. General Smith was immediately notified and sailed for Escalante with a force of men to rescue Tilly and his companions if alive.

Manila, May 31.—Memorial Day was celebrated at Battery Knoll, where Scott's guns were planted against the Filipino trenches in the first day's fighting at Manila. Nearly 300 soldiers lie buried there on a bleak mound, surrounded by rice fields, rough boards marking the graves, which are ranged in five unbroken rows. Beyond these are Spanish block houses and bamboo hedges, which were torn by shells from the American guns.

A few soldiers who could be spared from the trenches came to Battery Knoll, dusty and bronzed, bearing flowers with which to strew their comrades' graves. A silk flag was placed over each mound. The day was as mild as a New England spring day. Just before sunset a few hundred Americans gathered in a circle around Battery Knoll in blue and brown uniforms. Among the soldiers, many brown-faced natives peered curiously at the unwanted spectacle from points near by.

Aguinaldo is apparently unable to reorganize the insurrection in Cavite province, under the direction of General Trias, who is said to have offered recently to surrender to the Americans if he received the promise of a pardon. The Filipinos under Trias are wholly demoralized and are suffering greatly from scarcity of food.

There have been practically no hostilities for several days.

Two small gunboats have sailed for Cebu, where it is believed they will have a strong influence in keeping order.

London, May 31.—A special despatch from Labuan announces that severe fighting is reported between Americans and Filipinos on the island of Mindanao. The principal city on the island, Zamboanga, has been bombarded and burned and is in ruins. The same despatch reports trouble in Sulu. The Americans have blockaded the port. A British steamer was denied admission and was escorted seaward by the United States gunboat Castine.

Manila, May 31.—The third engineer, another officer and a boat's crew from the hospital ship Relief, while sailing in a catboat off Paranaque, were captured by insurgents, who put off from the shore in boats.

Transit Log at New York.

New York, May 31.—The United States transport Logan, from Gibara, Cuba, arrived here. The Second Volunteer Infantry (Immunes) were on board. They were landed at Jersey City to be transferred to Camp Meade, near Philadelphia.

More Money for Ships.

Bremen, May 31.—At an extraordinary meeting of the stockholders of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company held here, it was decided to increase the capital from \$15,000,000 marks to \$20,000,000.

NATURAL GAS GIVING OUT.

Supply That Has Factories and Warmed Indiana Homes Decreasing.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 31.—Recent events have clearly demonstrated that the supply of natural gas, which has long been a source of great wealth and a means of bringing hundreds of factories to Indiana, is slowly but steadily giving out.

Each succeeding winter has brought increased suffering to those who have depended on natural gas for heat, and a climax is being reached in some parts of the gas belt by the refusal of gas companies to make any more connections.

Factories which had built up great industries in the Keystone State left it when gas was discovered in Indiana, and the effect of the location of factories in the gas belt in Indiana is told by the many thriving cities that have sprung up from county seats toward which before the gas boom were hardly noticed.

Dewey's Health Improved.

Hong Kong, May 31.—Since his arrival here, May 22, on board the flagship, the United States cruiser Olympia, Admiral Dewey has improved in health, but he still refuses all invitations of a social nature. The Admiral has also relinquished all official duty on board the Olympia.

The date of his departure for home is still uncertain, his intention being to remain here until he has thoroughly recovered. The air at the high ground here is much cooler than at any place between Hong Kong and the Mediterranean Sea.

The programme for the Olympia's voyage to the United States has not been definitely decided upon. It has been determined, however, to stop at the Marseilles, from which port Admiral Dewey will go to Athens to pay his respects to King George of Greece. The Olympia is being painted white, instead of the dark slate color which was applied at the breaking out of the war.

Fear to Arrest Capt. Marks.

Montreal, May 31.—It was expected that Capt. Marks of the American schooner Helvetia would be arrested by the Quebec authorities at Valleyfield, but the arrest was not made. The fact is that the authorities seem to be very doubtful as to whether he can be legally arrested, and they are not willing to give him an opportunity to get heavy damages out of the province. Capt. Marks says that if the authorities attempt to arrest him he will give in, but will take legal action afterward. He has a claim of over \$700 against the owners of the vessel and all they are willing to give him is \$250.

Railroad Train Hits a Street Car.

Seattle, Wash., May 31.—A Northern Pacific passenger train struck a Grant street car, killing one passenger on the street car, seriously wounding two, and slightly injuring twelve others. Nearly all of the street car passengers were thrown over the trestle into the bay, where the water is fifteen feet deep, but were rescued from drowning by workmen at the Union Iron Works. The man killed was E. Broad of South Seattle. The motorman attributed the accident to the brakes, which did not act promptly at a point where the cars usually come to a full stop.

200 Want to Marry Her.

East Rush, Pa., May 31.—There is a girl here who has received two hundred proposals of marriage and more are pouring in on her by every mail. In some manner her name appeared in a matrimonial paper, which said she has \$20,000 in her own name, and the letters began to pour in. The girl complained to the Post Office Department, and action has been begun to suppress the paper as a swindle.

Crazed By Exotic Wreck.

Reading, Pa., May 31.—As the result of the Exeter wreck Frederick Hornerich, a Philadelphia & Reading fireman, has become insane. He was removed to the Almshouse. He was at the scene of the wreck on the night of its occurrence and helped to remove the dead and dying. He has talked much of the affair ever since, and it was finally necessary to remove him for fear he would do violence to somebody.

Prophet Causes Excitement.

Kirkville, Mo., May 31.—Great excitement has prevailed here because Professor Walman, who predicted the Kirkville tornado of April 25, when thirty-two people were killed and 10 injured, had prophesied a return of the same storm. Hundreds have had clothing and valuables packed in tin cans and collars and cyclone caves have been constructed. During the past three days every threatening cloud has sent hundreds to their cellars.

To Corner Automobiles.

New York, May 31.—It is reported that a combination with a capital of \$200,000,000 is forming to control the automobile transit of Greater New York. The members of the combination are the General Carriage Company, of New York and New Jersey, and the New York Auto-Track Company. The carriage company in New York is capitalized at \$100,000 and in New Jersey for \$20,000,000.

An Unusual Ceremony.

Chicago, May 31.—An unique ceremony that marked the fiftieth anniversary of the marriage of Amadeo Bell and wife, of Troy, N. Y. They were remarried in Notre Dame Church here in the presence of thirty descendants. Their youngest daughter, Mrs. Charles Cloete, of Troy, sang "Ave Maria." Their descendants are: Ten children, thirty grandchildren and two great-grandchildren.

Children Injured.

Harrisburg, May 31.—Children have been injured by the State Department to the Consumers' Brewing Company of Erie, with a capital of \$150,000, and the Knickerbocker Lime Company, Philadelphia, capitalized at \$300,000.

Railway Company's Increase of Capital.

Harrisburg, May 31.—The Pittsburg, Bessemer & Lake Erie Railway Company, of Pittsburg, has filed a notice in the State Department of an increase of from \$10,000,000 to \$12,000,000 in its capital stock.

Adjutant General Noted at Easton.

Easton, Pa., May 31.—Adjutant General E. J. McClelland, of the Department of Matanzas, Cuba, who has been stationed at Augusta, Ga., for several months, has arrived in Easton, and with Mrs. McClelland, will spend some time here.

YELLOW FEVER IN SOUTH.

One Case Which Resulted Fatally Reported By New Orleans Health Board.

IT IS NOT EPIDEMIC.

The Board Declares That There Is Not Another Case in New Orleans and Not a Suspect.

State Health Officer for Texas Has Notified the Southern and Texas Pacific Railroads That Neither Passenger Nor Package Cars Be Brought From New Orleans into the State of Texas.

New Orleans, La., May 31.—The Louisiana State Board of Health gave notice to the several other Boards of Health in accordance with an agreement made this spring as to yellow fever cases, that an autopsy showed that Miss Johanna Grillo, who died here on Sunday, had yellow fever. The case was regarded as suspicious, but not until after the autopsy could the character of the disease be determined with certainty. Miss Grillo was of Italian origin, but a native of New Orleans. The Board of Health declares that there is no other case in New Orleans in the slightest degree suspicious and says there should be no fear of any prevalence of the fever.

The Southern Pacific Railroad Company was notified by the Texas Health Officer that no passengers or baggage from New Orleans would be allowed to enter Texas. No other quarantines have been reported, the other Health Officers of New Orleans, notifying him that yellow fever had again been introduced in that city. Immediately upon receipt of this telegram Dr. Blunt telegraphed General Superintendent Van Vleck of the Southern Pacific and General Superintendent Thorne of the Texas and Pacific railways as follows: "Do not sell tickets over your line from New Orleans to any Texas point. Do not bring any person or thing from New Orleans, either by express or freight, into Texas until further orders." Dr. Blunt telegraphed Dr. Soucheon as follows: "We have decided to quarantine against all places on announcement of first positive case of yellow fever."

The quarantine established by Dr. Blunt against New Orleans has virtually tied up all traffic on the Southern Pacific and the Texas and Pacific roads in Louisiana, as passengers and freight are delayed from entering Texas from New Orleans.

Dr. Blunt established quarantine inspection camps on the Louisiana border for every railroad entering the State. He received the following telegram from Dr. Soucheon this evening: "I deeply regret your action; send inspector to judge himself. No other case has been reported."

In answer to a telegram from Superintendent Van Vleck of the Southern Pacific Dr. Blunt telegraphed: "You can handle New York freight through Algiers and passengers and freight coming from connecting lines at New Orleans, if they do not stop there for the present. Freight that has left New Orleans for Texas can come in. Passengers on route to and better be returned to New Orleans."

The same telegram was sent the Texas and Pacific relative to freight through Westwego. All railroads have telegraphed the State Health officers, signifying that they will abide by his instructions.

Famine in Pig Den.

Cleveland, May 31.—A famine of pig iron is threatened and the manufacturers may feel the effects of it within a few days, if the iron supply is not increased. The surplus supply of pig is now but three days ahead of the consumption, and within a week, it is predicted that the surplus will be wiped out and the consumption will exceed the supply. The cause is the abnormal increase in the consumption, which is 25 per cent. greater than one year ago.

Ross Won With Time to Spare.

Hilton, N. J., May 31.—A. W. Ross, of Harrison, N. J., won the Grand National, a twenty-five mile road race by five minutes. His time was 1 hour 12 minutes and 19 seconds. This is several minutes behind the record. The others finished in this order: J. King, Newark; H. R. Skiff, A. Schimmel, M. G. Smith, J. E. Rodgers, O. Stobbe, J. McCarthy, E. Hansen and M. Journey.

Killed Them With a Red Hat.

Chattanooga, May 31.—In the McManville jail over a crap game, "Son" Crane, a negro murderer, mortally injured William and John Brown by beating them with a red hat. "Bill" Brown was under sentence of death for the murder of his wife, and John Brown was a life prisoner.

Woman Drowned in Mill Pond.

Williamsport, Pa., May 31.—The body of Mrs. Royal Thompson, who disappeared from her home in this city was found in the basin at White's Mill, a short distance from the Thompson residence. She is supposed to have drowned herself while temporarily insane.

Bryan Speaks at Quincy, Ill.

Quincy, Ill., May 31.—William J. Bryan, speaking here on the issues of the next Presidential campaign, made a defence of Democracy and the Chicago platform, and vigorously denounced the gold standard, trusts and the policy of what he calls militarism.

Adjutant General Noted at Easton.

Easton, Pa., May 31.—Adjutant General E. J. McClelland, of the Department of Matanzas, Cuba, who has been stationed at Augusta, Ga., for several months, has arrived in Easton, and with Mrs. McClelland, will spend some time here.

CUBAN ROLLS PADDED.

Native Officers Hoped to Reap Gains on Names of Dead.

Havana, May 31.—Lieutenant Colonel George M. Randall accompanied by Lieutenant Moore, his clerk, a doctor and a military escort, with nearly \$200,000, went by special train to Santiago de las Vegas to begin payment of Cubans. The Alcalde opened the Council Chamber for the purpose of distribution. Many of the applicants, of whom there was a large number, were without guns. It was observed that a large proportion were from Matanzas, from which point they were prevented from coming yesterday to Havana. Not a single officer came forward to identify any applicant, a fact causing considerable annoyance and increasing the delay. That the rolls are padded badly becomes more and more evident each day.

FIRST FILIPINO CITIZEN.

Harry Phillips, a Native of Pasig, Naturalized at Taunton, Mass.

Taunton, Mass., May 31.—Harry T. Phillips has been admitted to citizenship in the United States and is probably the only Filipino in the world now enjoying all the rights and privileges of an American citizen. In his own country, Harry T. Phillips was known as Henrique Philip. He was born in the town of Pasig, at the age of 14, he ran away from his native town, which is about fourteen miles from Manila, and shipped on board a vessel as cabin boy.

To Intercede for Scott.

Easton, Pa., June 1.—Notice has been served by Parke F. Davis, of this city, and Calvin F. Smith, of Nazareth, counsel for Jewell F. Stout, now under sentence of death for the murder of Harvey H. Wurster, the Bingen telegraph operator, that application will be made to the Board of Pardons at Harrisburg on Wednesday, June 21, 1899, for the commutation of the sentence to life imprisonment.

The application to have the death sentence commuted is based on these grounds: Youth, mental impairment and reasonable doubt as to guilt of murder in the first degree.

American Boat for Belgians.

Washington, May 31.—The United States Embassy at Brussels has reported to the State Department that the Belgian Government has by decree issued on the 29th instant rescinded the interdiction upon the importation of the American cattle. The decree takes effect at once. The State Department is proud of its achievement in securing the reopening of the Belgian markets to American cattle after having been closed since 1894.

Spain Will Claim Her Dead.

Washington, May 31.—The State Department has been informed that the Duke d'Acros, the new Spanish minister soon to arrive, will ask permission of the United States for Spain to remove the bodies of the Spanish sailors at the Portsmouth Navy Yard for reburial in Spain. It is understood that Admiral Cervera will consent to the United States to superintend in person the removal of the bodies of his crew.

New Craft for the Navy.

Bath, Me., May 31.—The United States torpedo boat destroyer Dahlgren has been floated off the ways at the Bath Iron Works. As soon as she was fairly afloat Mrs. John Vinton Dahlgren, who is the wife of the late Admiral Dahlgren's youngest son, broke a bottle of champagne over the decorated vessel and pronounced the christening words.

Hamlet Nearly Destroyed by Wind.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 31.—British Hollow, a hamlet near Potosi, was nearly destroyed by the hail and several small buildings were blown down and other damage done. LaCrosse reports that in many places crops were actually washed from the ground, and the railroads are heavy sufferers from washouts.

Mysterious Attempt at Suicide.

Oil City, Pa., May 31.—A woman apparently 25 years old, was discovered in the parlors of a hotel here, in a dying condition from the effects of a dose of carbolic acid, supposed to have been taken with suicidal intentions. A man who accompanied the woman to the hotel will be held pending an investigation.

Charged With Felonious Assault.

New York, May 31.—William H. Holland, of Albany, N. Y., the bookmaker who on April 2 last shot Samuel Walter, the ticket seller for Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show in a saloon in this city and who escaped after the shooting, has been arrested here and held in \$500 bail for examination on a charge of felonious assault.

Amphitrite Sprang a Leak.

Norfolk, Va., May 31.—The monitor Amphitrite, sent to have sailed for Norfolk, failed to get away. The officers say they do not know when they will leave. The crew say that the ship on the way up from Port Royal sprang a leak and the pumps had to be kept constantly at work. They also say there are other defects.

A Grand Stand Falls.

Chicago, May 31.—The grand stand in Garfield Park at the end of the road race course collapsed. Many persons were injured. The stand fell shortly before the winner appeared at the finish, precipitating nearly 100 people to the ground. No one was seriously hurt, however, and order was quickly restored.

France Honors Harrison.

Paris, May 31.—At the Parliamentary banquet given by President Emile Loubet and at the reception which followed the center of attraction was Benjamin Harrison, legal representative of Venezuela at the forthcoming sessions of the Venezuela boundary commission in this city, and Mrs. Harrison.

Threats From Horse During Storm.

Dubuois, Pa., May 31.—Superintendent Ramsey, of the Shawmut Mining Company, was dangerously and probably fatally injured at Cartwright, Elk County, by being thrown from his horse that became frightened at the terrible storm that passed over that section.

MAY CALL FOR 20,000 MEN

President McKinley and Cabinet Discusses Philippine Situation.

DIFFERENT IDEAS HELD.

The Fact Conceded That Gen. Otis Lacks Sufficient Troops to Vanquish the Enemy.

Best Means of Placing More Soldiers in the Field to Conduct Campaign in the Philippines Discussed at Washington—Very Little More Fighting Likely to Be Done Until Close of Rainy Season.

Washington, May 31.—At the last meeting of the Cabinet was discussed the best means of placing soldiers at the disposal of Major-General Otis, with which to further conduct the campaign in the Philippines and the gravity of the situation was discussed from nearly every standpoint. It is understood that before the Cabinet meeting closed it was practically decided to issue a call for 20,000 of the provisional army.

Best Means of Placing More Soldiers in the Field to Conduct Campaign in the Philippines Discussed at Washington—Very Little More Fighting Likely to Be Done Until Close of Rainy Season.

It is conceded that General Otis lacks a sufficient number of men to completely whip the natives. It is also believed that he will be able to do very little fighting until after the rainy season is over, and that he will be able to do little more than garrison some of the points which the forces under General MacArthur and Lawton have taken, and hold them until the rainy season is over. It is also plain that there will be more or less illness during this period of bad weather, and that when the campaign is resumed the force capable of active warfare will be materially reduced.

Those opposed to organizing a provisional army favor sending more regulars to the Philippines and also enlisting some of the peaceful Filipinos. But another element in the War Department is opposed to half way measures in dealing with the situation. They are urging the President to issue at once a call for at least 20,000 of the provisional army, so that it may be organized, trained and sent to the Philippines in time to begin an aggressive campaign in the early autumn.

Secretary Alger has cabled to General Otis, asking him if any further reinforcements would be needed after the regulars now en route, or under orders, reached Manila.

Washington, May 31.—Secretary Long is continuing his efforts to stop friction among bureau chiefs. He has just abandoned his idea of consolidating the Bureau of Construction, Steam Engineering and Equipment, under the present Chief Constructor, Rear Admiral Hitchcock, but he has taken a step to remedy existing and patent faults without the delay which must attend the merging process he has in view and which he will submit to Congress at its next session.

He has designated a board, consisting of Assistant Secretary of Navy Allen, Rear Admiral Rodgers, who is president of the Board of Inspection; Rear Admiral O'Neill, Chief of Ordnance; Rear Admiral Hiebhorn, Chief Constructor; Rear Admiral Melville, Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering; Rear Admiral Bradford, Chief of the Bureau of Equipment; Rear Admiral Endicott, Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, with Lieutenant Commander W. H. H. Southard as recorder.

The board will revise the naval regulations, so far as they pertain to the duties of the various working bureaus, that is the bureaus which look after construction, repair and equipment, which except only the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery and the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts. The board will meet again and their various bureau chiefs will submit statements of the duties each claims for his bureau.

Wheat Crop Is in Danger.

Chicago, May 31.—Between crop-killing weather and Persian flies the wheat crop is in danger. The Chicago and St. Louis professionals have taken the long side, Illinois, Michigan and Kansas will not raise much more than seed, say the people next to the fields. The crop has been skinned off Wall Street and New York is short in wheat, say the commission houses.

Must Pay 40 Cents Per Foot at Paris.

New York, May 31.—Commissioner General Peck has announced that American exhibitors at the Paris Exposition of 1900 will have to pay a charge of not more than 40 cents a square foot for the construction of permanent floors and temporary walls, as the French exposition authorities, in order to preserve harmony, have reserved to themselves the right to make such constructions.

Missing Girl's Body Found.

Philadelphia, May 31.—The body of a fifteen-year-old girl was found floating in the Schuylkill River by a park guard. It is supposed to be that of Rebecca Haines, who disappeared from the home of her parents No. 4433 Melon street, Sunday evening, after her mother had scolded her.

Can't Lo Cannot Lay His Debt.

Trenton, N. J., May 31.—George Brooks, of Morristown, has filed papers asking to be adjudged a bankrupt. Brooks was a New York theatre manager. His liabilities are given as \$34,982.21.

Constipation, Indigestion, Bilioousness, Sick Headache, in men, women or children, cured by BEECHAM'S PILLS. Get the genuine. Value 10 cents & 25 cents at drug stores.

DRINK ONLY THE PUREST WHISKY. FINE OLD KENTUCKY Taylor Whiskey. If you want purity and richness of flavor, try our OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR, 8 years old and on our distillation and guaranteed pure. Bottled and shipped direct from our warehouses by us. None genuine without our signature on both labels. For consumption, Indigestion, and all ailments requiring stimulants, OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR has no superior. Sold by all first-class druggists, grocers, and liquor dealers. Sold by Globe Grocery Co., 1st Portmouth, N. H.

Buy Now! I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW LOT OF Buggies of all descriptions, Milk Wagons, Steam Laundry Wagons, Store Wagons and Stanhops Carriages. Also a large line of New and Second-Hand Harnesses, Single and Double, Heavy and Light, and I will sell them at Very Low Prices. Just drop around and look them, if you do not want to buy. THOMAS McCUE, Stone Stable - Fleet Street

PIMPLES. "My wife had pimples on her face, but she has been taking CARBOLIC and they have all disappeared. I had been troubled with constipation for some time, but after taking the first Carbolic I have had no trouble with this ailment. We cannot speak too highly of Carbolic." FRED WARTMAN, 578 Germantown Ave., Philadelphia, Pa. CANDY CATHARTIC. TRADE MARK REGISTERED. REGULATE THE LIVER. Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, No Groom, Never Sicken, Weaken or Grip the Stomach. CURE CONSTIPATION. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit. NO-TO-BAC.

NEWARK CEMENT COBB'S EXTRALIME. AND DRAIN PIPE. We receive weekly shipments. FRESH STOCK. I. A. & A. W. WALKER. CHIC LONG-FOCUS MAGAZINE CAMERAS MAKE CABINET PICTURES. LANDSCAPES, INTERIORS and Everything Photographic. ALL JOBBERS.

Gray & Prime DELIVER COAL IN BAGS! NO DUST NO NOISE. 1 Market St. Telephone 2-4

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

Southern Division. PORTSMOUTH B&A. (Winter Arrangement, Oct. 3, 1898)

Leave the following stations for Manchester Concord and intermediate stations: Portsmouth, 8:30 a. m., 12:45, 3:30 p. m.; Greenland Village, 6:30 a. m., 12:54, 3:30 p. m.; Rockingham Junction, 9:05 a. m., 1:07, 3:50 p. m.; Epping, 9:25 a. m., 1:21, 3:58 p. m.; Raymond, 9:22 a. m., 1:22, 3:18 p. m.

Returning leave: Concord, 7:45, 10:25 a. m., 3:30 p. m.; Manchester, 8:30, 11:10 a. m., 4:30 p. m.; Raymond, 9:10, 11:45 a. m., 5:08 p. m.; Epping, 9:25 a. m., 12:00, 5:15 p. m.; Rockingham Junction, 9:27 a. m., 12:17, 5:58 p. m.; Greenland Village, 10:01 a. m., 12:50, 6:08 p. m.

Trains connect at Rockingham Junction for Exeter, Haverhill, Lawrence and Boston. Trains connect at Manchester and Concord for Plymouth, Woodsville, Lancaster, St. Jovann, Newport, Vt.; Montreal and the west.

Eastern Division.

TRAINS LEAVE PORTSMOUTH FOR

Boston, 2:50, 7:30, 8:15, 10:35, a. m., 2:31, 5:00, 7:35 p. m. Sundays, 8:50, 9:30 a. m., 2:31, 5:00, 7:35 p. m. Returning, 1:30, 9:00, 10:35 a. m., 12:30, 8:30, 4:45, 7:00, 7:45 p. m. Sundays, 4:20, 8:30 a. m., 6:40, 7:00 p. m. Portland, 9:35, 10:45 a. m., 2:45, 8:50, 9:30 p. m. Sundays, 10:45 a. m., 8:35 p. m. Returning, 9:05, 9:00 a. m., 12:45, 6:00 p. m. Sundays, 8:30 a. m., 12:45 p. m. Somersworth and Rochester, 9:45, 9:35 a. m., 2:40, 3:45, 5:30 p. m. Returning, Leave Somersworth, 6:35, 7:32, 10:01 a. m., 4:05, 6:25 p. m.; Leave Rochester, 7:19, 9:47 a. m., 5:00, 6:25 p. m. Sundays, 7:00 a. m. North Conway, 9:55 a. m., 2:45 p. m. Returning, 7:25 a. m., 4:15 p. m. Dover, 7:40, 9:45 a. m., 12:30, 2:40, 5:30, 8:30 p. m. Sundays, 8:00, 10:45 a. m., 8:27 p. m. Returning, 6:50, 10:24 a. m., 1:35, 4:30, 6:3, 9:35 p. m. Sundays, 7:30 a. m., 9:22 p. m.

GOVERNMENT FERRY

TIME TABLE.

Leave Mary Ford—8:00, 8:20, 8:40, 9:15, 10:45 a. m., 1:45, 2:35, 3:30, 4:00, 4:45, 5:15, 7:00 p. m. (Wednesdays and Saturdays). Sundays, 9:45, 10:15 a. m., 12:10, 12:30 p. m. Holiday 9:40, 10:30, 11:30 a. m. Leave Portsmouth—8:10, 8:30, 8:50, 9:3 11:00 a. m., 12:15, 1:35, 2:15, 3:30, 4:20, 5:30, 6:40 p. m. (Wednesdays and Saturdays). 8 days, 9:05, 10:00 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 12:30, 12:45 p. m. Holidays, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 p. m.

\*From May until October.

Portsmouth, Kittery and York Street Railway

SPRING TIME TABLE.

In Effect April 25, 1899.

Until further notice cars will run as follows:

Leave ferry landing, Kittery, for York Beach—7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m. 12:00 p. m.; 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00,



# SHIRT WAISTS

ARE NOW READY.

PIQUE, PERCALE, GINGHAM  
AND CALICO.

Prices 50 Cents to \$3.00.

LEWIS E. STAPLES,

7 Market Street.

## THE ORIENT Guarantee

"We agree with the purchaser of each ORIENT bicycle to make good by repair or replacement when delivered at our factory during the current year, transportation prepaid, any imperfection or defect in material or manufacture of such bicycle, etc."

Compare this with the guarantee of any other wheel on the market.

LIGHT ROADSTER. \$50.00.

PHILBRICK'S  
BICYCLE STORE.  
FRANKLIN BLOCK,  
Portsmouth, N. H.

## Stoddard's Stable

HAS BEEN FITTED OUT WITH  
NEW CARRIAGES.

You can get the handsomest and most comfortable turn-out in the state at

## STODDARD'S.

NEW HACKS, FOR WEDDINGS AND  
OTHER PARTIES

TELEPHONE 1-2.

## SALE AND LIVERY BUSINESS

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Islington Street.....	\$10,000
Union Street.....	2,000
Middle Street.....	2,000
Vaughan Street.....	6,000
Middle Street.....	6,000
Sherburne Road.....	4,200
Richards Avenue.....	3,500
State Street.....	3,500
State Street.....	3,000
Daniel Street.....	3,000
Bridge Street.....	2,500
Tanner Street.....	2,500
Madison Street.....	2,000
Mr. Vernon Street.....	1,700
Wentworth Street.....	1,700
Sparhawk Street.....	1,700
Jefferson Street.....	1,400
Warren Street.....	1,500
School Street.....	1,400
Dearborn Street.....	1,400
Water Street.....	1,300
Stark Street.....	1,100
Clinton Street.....	900

and many others in Newcastle, Kittery, Green  
etc. FARMS in large variety. House Lots all  
sizes and prices.

Tobey's Real Estate Agency,  
32 Congress Street.

The scarcity and continued high  
price of Havana tobacco has had no  
effect on the quantity of

THE CELEBRATED

7-20-4

10 CENT CIGARS.  
They have always maintained their  
high standard. Strictly hand-made  
Sumatra wrapper and long Havana  
filler. For sale by all first-class dealers

At Wholesale in Portsmouth by

FRED S. WENDELL, J. H. SWETT,  
Deer and Market Sts. Bridge St.

R. C. SULLIVAN  
MANUFACTURER,  
Manchester, N. H.

## THE HERALD.

THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1899.

WILLIAMS-DONNELLY.

At the Church of the Immaculate  
Conception on Wednesday morning,  
May 31st, occurred the marriage of  
Edward Williams and Jennie Donnelly  
of this city. There was a large attendance  
of relatives and friends.

Rev. Father Creedon officiated and  
the ceremony was very impressive.

The bride was handsomely dressed in  
a gown of old blue, with garnitures of  
white chiffon and lace. She wore a hat  
to match.

She was attended by Miss Murray of  
East Boston, who wore a gown of tan  
shade, with trimmings of white and her  
to match.

The groom was attended by John  
Leary as best man.

Immediately following the ceremony  
an informal reception was held at the  
home of the bride on Marcy street and  
an elaborate lunch was served.

The happy couple left this city on  
the eleven o'clock train for a short tour  
and on their return will reside on  
Marcy street. They were escorted to the  
depot by a large party of friends,  
who made their departure a lively  
scene.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams were the re-  
cipients of many handsome presents  
and have the good wishes of their large  
circle of friends.

### VIOLA ALLEN DEPARTS JUNE 10TH.

Viola Allen begins her last week in  
"The Christian" at the Boston Museum  
next Monday evening, June 5th. There  
will be but eight performances—three  
on Wednesday and Saturday—and  
these will comprise Miss Allen's fare-  
well appearances in Boston and New  
England for two years and positively  
her last times as Glory Quayle in this  
part of the country. There will be no  
further extension of her engagement un-  
der any circumstances and Saturday  
evening, June 10th, definitely marks its  
close. Miss Allen's next appearance in  
Boston will be in a new play, now be-  
ing written for her by a great English  
author, during the season of 1901-1902.

### FOR BEATING HIS WIFE.

Albert Gove was arrested at his home  
on Hancock street, shortly after nine  
o'clock on Wednesday evening, May  
31st, for a brutal assault on his wife.  
Neighbors, hearing the woman's  
screams, thought she was being killed  
and notified the police. Officer Quinn  
went down and soon returned with Gove  
who was slightly under the influence of  
liquor at the time. When the officer ar-  
rived at the house, Mrs. Gove had dis-  
appeared somewhere and it is not  
known whether she was injured in any  
way or not.

### NINETY PER CENT.

Of the people are afflicted with some  
form of humor, and this causes a variety  
of diseases. The reason why Hood's  
Sarsaparilla cures when all others fail is  
found in the fact that it effectually ex-  
pels the humor. Scrofula, salt rheum,  
boils and all eruptions are permanently  
cured by this great medicine.

Hood's Pills are the best family cath-  
artic and liver tonic. Gentle, reliable  
sure.

### ARE POPULAR AND KNOW THEIR BUSINESS.

H. P. Payne and Ralph Walker open  
their new and up-to-date grocery store  
at 44 Market street this morning. Both  
are popular and well-known men to the  
trade and are bound to succeed.

They will carry the finest line of  
staple and fancy groceries to be found  
in the city. They have a grand open-  
ing this morning and the public should  
not fail to call.

### IT IS ACCENTED ON THE SECOND SYLLABLE.

Lieut. Hobson told a correspondent  
recently that when he leaves the navy,  
he would like a home in Florida. That  
little town of Kissimmee might prove an  
ideal place of residence for the Mer-  
mac hero.—Denver Post.

### ANNOUNCEMENT.

Today, and every day next week, our  
advised agents, the Globe Grocery  
Co., will sell you a box of Bucklen's  
Arnica Salve, "The Best Salve in the  
World," and guarantee it to cure Cuts,  
Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum,  
Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands,  
Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Erup-  
tions, and positively cures Piles or  
no money refunded.

H. E. BUCKLEN & CO.,  
Chicago, Ill.

All the healing, balsamic virtues of  
the Norway pine are concentrated in  
Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, na-  
ture's own remedy for coughs and  
colds.

## A FORGER.

Percy O. Smart Arrested on a Ser-  
ious Charge.

Percy O. Smart, a young man still in  
his twenties, was placed under arrest  
on Wednesday afternoon, May 31st,  
charged with forging two notes, one  
for fifteen dollars and the other for ten  
dollars. He was taken to the police  
station, where he was held in the  
lock-up. He was not a single son.

Crash suits will soon be forthcoming.  
The ice-man is now having his in-  
ning.

Screens and screen doors are in de-  
mand.

Yesterday was the hottest day of the  
season.

This is the kind of weather thin peo-  
ple enjoy.

The small boy is patiently waiting for  
the circus.

The season of June brides and June  
roses has come.

The days of the sweet girl graduate  
will soon be here.

The annual reports for 1898, showing  
the city receipts and expenditures are  
out.

When you want to thoroughly enjoy  
a smoke, try Dowd's Honest Ten Cent  
Cigar.

Thousands of visitors will flock into  
the city on Monday to witness the  
circus.

Mosquitos were quite troublesome to  
the suburbanites on Wednesday  
evening.

A well-known hotel man gives a sup-  
per to a few of his friends this Thurs-  
day evening.

The Kennard will case will be heard  
today, Thursday, at the York county  
court at Alfred.

Marshal Eastwistle will not permit  
any more sparring matches to take  
place in this city.

The "S. G." Londres is made of the  
choicest stock and is the best ten cent  
cigar in the market.

Saturday the Portsmouth high school  
team has an open date and would like  
to arrange for a game.

The Odd Ladies are to give a straw  
berry festival and dance in Philbrick  
hall this Thursday evening.

A divorce has been granted Minnie E.  
Hall from Charles H. Hall, both of York  
Village. She is given \$250.

The Athletic club house is receiving  
a spring cleaning and a force of painters  
are touching up the interior.

Police Officer Holbrook took Henry  
Barrett up to Brentwood on the S.3  
train on Wednesday morning.

Rev. Edward D. Towle of Brookline,  
Mass., will preach at the Unitarian  
church Sunday morning, June 4.

The regular monthly meeting of the  
board of directors of the Warner club  
was held on Wednesday evening.

Landlord Hayes Cotton of the Kear-  
sarge house is to serve a dinner at his  
hotel on Friday to a private party.

Have your shoes repaired by John W.  
Mott, 34 Congress street. Satisfaction  
guaranteed. Hand sewed work a spe-  
cialty.

Today is the feast of Corpus Christi,  
a feast of devotion in the Catholic  
church. Masses will be celebrated at  
the usual hour.

The report that a woman was killed  
on Water street created considerable  
excitement around town for awhile on  
Wednesday evening.

The steamer Viking of the Shoals  
line will leave Wilmington, Del., for  
this port on the ninth inst. and is ex-  
pected here about the 13th.

Don't forget the Spalding bicycle, it  
is made on honor. An honest bicycle  
at honest prices, \$10, \$50, \$60 and \$75,  
at 70 Pleasant street. Woods.

Conductor John Small took the Bos-  
ton & Maine railroad pile driving ma-  
chinery by special train from here to  
Rockport, Mass., to work there.

Gen. Wesley Merritt is now at Rye  
beach, where he will remain for two  
weeks, the guest of his wife's parents,  
Mr. and Mrs. Norman Williams.

A delegation from General Gilman  
Marston Command, Union Veterans  
Union, will attend the funeral of Rob-  
ert H. Seawards of Kittery this after-  
noon.

A large delegation of the Knights of  
Columbus of this city went to Portland  
on Tuesday to witness the exemplifica-  
tion of the third degree, by Falmouth  
council of that city.

Surveyors are laying out additional  
side tracks in the Boston & Maine yard.  
One will be from the shoe shop to a  
point near the freight depot, necessitat-  
ing the moving of one or more build-  
ings along that line.

The funeral services of Adelaide  
Keepers were held Wednesday afternoon  
at Island home, on Marston's island;  
the Rev. Alfred Gooding, pastor of the  
Unitarian church officiating. Inter-  
ment was at Sagamore cemetery.

THEY DON'T NEED TO BE.

Pretty girls, as a rule, are not fit for  
much else.—(Atchinson Globe,

## CITY BRIEFS.

He slept and dreamed that wealth he  
found,  
And planned what he would buy,  
A motor car to wheel him round,  
And jewels grand to please the eye;  
All these he had procured and more,  
Then racked his brain what next to  
do.

When awakened by an awful roar,  
"Bang bang! Bang! Bang!" 'Twas half  
past four.

Believed he'd not a single son.  
Crash suits will soon be forthcoming.  
The ice-man is now having his in-  
ning.

Screens and screen doors are in de-  
mand.

Yesterday was the hottest day of the  
season.

This is the kind of weather thin peo-  
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## PERSONALS

Miss Bertha Kane is visiting friends  
in Boston.  
John Young of Rochester was in  
town on Wednesday.  
Miss Andrews of Somersworth was  
in town on Wednesday.

Edward P. Small of Boston was a vi-  
sitor here on Wednesday.  
Thomas Lynch went to the Shoals  
this morning for the summer.

Brigadier General C. B. Hoyt went to  
Somersworth on Wednesday evening.  
Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Coleman have  
returned from a visit to relatives in La-  
conia.

Harry H. Foote was in Boston yester-  
day and witnessed the Boston-Cleve-  
land base ball game.

Robert Davidson of the Soldiers  
Home, Tilton, is passing a few days at  
his former home in this city.

Thomas Lynch, engineer at the Ap-  
pleboro house, Isles of Shoals, visited  
his home in this city on Wednesday.

H. T. Babb and wife, H. A. Worthen  
and wife and George H. Wentworth all  
of Dover, were in this city on Wednes-  
day.

Miss Mary L. Rowe of Eliot, who  
has been visiting Mrs. Lockhart of this  
city, returned home on Wednesday  
morning.

Mr. Willard Howe of Haverhill,  
Mass., who spent Memorial day with  
friends in this city, returned home on  
Wednesday.

Rev. J. E. Robins of Dover was in  
town on Wednesday, attending the Ep-  
worth League convention at the Metho-  
dist church.

The many friends of Mrs. Joseph C.  
Pettigrew will be pleased to learn that  
she has nearly recovered from her re-  
cent illness.

Mr. Joseph Minor of Boston arrived  
here on Wednesday afternoon and as-  
sumes the duties of wine clerk at the  
Rockingham today.

Mr. Francis W. Morandi, for the  
past two years employed in the office at  
the Portsmouth Shoe Company, finish-  
es his labor there at the end of the  
week.

Miss A. L. Eastman of Lynn, Mass.,  
who has been the guest of Mr. and  
Mrs. W. E. Drake, of No. 5 Daniel  
street, returned home on Wednesday  
evening.

Theodore King, Frank Clark and  
wife, Ex-Gov. C. H. Sawyer, Bert Place,  
Rev. Dr. Babcock, Fred Bradbury and  
Fred Smith, all of Dover, were in town  
on Wednesday.

Misses Minnie and Beulah Shapleigh  
of Lynn, who have been visiting their  
homestead in Eliot, passed through this  
city on their way home on Wednesday  
morning, May 31st.

Mr. Herbert Hunt, for a number of  
years past wine clerk at the Rocking-  
ham, severed his connection with that  
house on Wednesday, May 31st., and  
after a few weeks rest goes to the  
White mountains for the summer.

While in this city Mr. Hunt has made  
many friends who wish him the best of  
success in his new position.

SET THE GIRLS TO THINKING.

A well known young man in this city  
was placed in an embarrassing position  
the other evening through one of those  
little accidents that are always happen-  
ing at the wrong time. He was walking  
along the street with two charming  
young ladies and was keeping them en-  
grossed by his flow of conversation,  
which is as plentiful and irresistible as a  
Niagara, when suddenly there was a great  
crash and a distinct breath—not of new  
mown hay, but of old rye whiskey  
floated up from the ground almost at  
his feet.

Just how the young man succeeded in  
explaining the presence of that quart in  
his pocket at that time is not known,  
but as he is a man of undying nerve and  
colossal self-assurance it is safe to say  
he got out of it reasonably well.

AT THE NAVY YARD.

The boat shop at the navy yard closed  
this afternoon and the entire force at-  
tended the funeral of the late Captain  
Richard Seawards in a body. A special  
car conveyed the sixty workmen to Kit-  
tery Point.

The Piscataqua sailed at one o'clock  
this afternoon.

DEATH OF AN INFANT.

Carl, infant child of Albert and Carrie  
Green died at the home of its parents on  
Whidden street this morning at the age  
of one month.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.  
To quit tobacco easily and forever, see me  
now, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No. 7  
Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men  
strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaran-  
teed. Booklet and sample free. Address  
Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York

Arrived today, Schooner Lydia M.  
Deering, Capt. Swain, from Newport  
News, with 1849 tons of coal; also schoo-  
ner George Walcott, Capt. Breed from  
Newport News, with 2113 tons coal.  
Both for J. A. and A. W. Walker.

## CERVERA'S DEAD SAILORS.

Spain Likely to Ask for the Disinter-  
ment of Their Bodies.

Information has reached here that the  
Spanish government will probably ask  
permission of the United States govern-  
ment to remove the remains of the sail-  
ors of Cervera's fleet interred at the  
navy yard at Portsmouth, N. H., to  
Spain for reburial. The proposition  
originates, it is said, from Admiral Cer-  
vera, who thus shows an interest in his  
men even after their death. It is men-  
tioned as possible that Admiral Cervera  
may visit the United States in the near  
future for the purpose of superintend-  
ing the disinterment and transportation  
home of the remains. There are about  
thirty Spanish sailors buried at the  
Portsmouth cemetery. — Washington  
Star.

### FOUGHT WITH PAUL JONES.

At Goodwin Mills, Me., on Memorial  
day was decorated the grave of John  
Barbark, a native of that town, who  
fought under John Paul Jones in the  
Bon Homme Richard in the historical  
engagement with the Saraphis.

### ENTERTAINED AT OGUNKUIT.

Captain J. B. Coghlan, U. S. N., and  
Mrs. Coghlan, were the guests on Tues-  
day night of Charles C. Hoyt of Ogun-  
quit, Me. Paymaster W. W. Galt, U.  
S. N., and Dr. J. W. Gordon, assisted  
Mr. Hoyt in entertaining.

### "He is Wise Who Talks But Little."

This is only a half truth.  
If wise men had held their  
tongues, we should know  
nothing about the circulation  
of the blood. If it were not  
for this advertisement you  
might never know that Hood's  
Sarsaparilla is the greatest  
medicine in the world to  
purify and enrich your blood,  
create an appetite, give you  
strength and steady nerves.

Impure Blood—"My complexion was  
bad. Hood's Sarsaparilla did much good  
by purifying my blood. My skin is now  
clear." Annie D. McCoy, Walsworth, Pa.